## Swiss GAAP FER

### Accounting and Reporting Recommendations

Disclosure Checklist for consolidated and stand-alone financial statements

Version 1.0



## Introduction

In Switzerland, Swiss GAAP FER is a recognised financial reporting standard according to Art. 962 of the Code of Obligations. This checklist allows users to review the completeness of the disclosures in the financial statements prepared according to Swiss GAAP FER.

It covers all requirements of the currently applicable Swiss GAAP FER standards, including the requirements of Swiss GAAP FER 28 "Government Grants" which enters into force on 1 January 2024 (early adoption is allowed).

When preparing consolidated or stand-alone financial statements, management should carefully check whether the minimum disclosure requirements listed in this checklist are sufficient to inform about the financial position and results of operations as well as the cash flows during the current reporting period and the prior reporting period. If necessary, further disclosures should be made in order to provide appropriate information to the user of the financial statements.

#### Scope of application

This document is intended for insurance companies. Separate checklists are available for the following Swiss GAAP FER preparers:

- general Swiss GAAP FER preparers
- charitable non-profit organisations
- pension funds
- building insurers and health insurers

For preparers that fall into these categories checklists tailored to their specific requirements, are available.

An additional checklist also exists for companies that need to prepare interim financial statements. All Swiss GAAP FER disclosure checklists are available at <u>www.pwc.ch</u>

#### Application

The first column contains the references to the relevant guidance in Swiss GAAP FER. The references are presented as follows: Paragraph 3 in Swiss GAAP FER 5 is referred to as 5/3 and the Swiss GAAP FER framework is referred to as FW. In the Y-NA-NM column, the following indications may be entered to each item:

- Y (yes) The disclosure has been made in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER.
- **NA** (not applicable) The paragraph does not apply to these stand-alone/consolidated financial statements.
- NM (not material) The corresponding disclosure is not material and has therefore been omitted.

The REF column in the right-hand side may be used to refer to the corresponding parts of the consolidated or stand-alone financial statements.

The disclosure requirements of Swiss GAAP FER 31 "Complementary Recommendation for listed entities" are highlighted in a different colour, since they do not apply to all users of Swiss GAAP FER.

According to Section 3 "Structure and Contents of the Recommendations", only the disclosure requirements included in the framework and Swiss GAAP FER 1-6 must be adhered to when applying the core FER.

#### Completeness and accuracy of this checklist

We made every effort to ensure that all disclosure requirements in this checklist are reflected correctly and completely. However, inaccuracies cannot be completely ruled out. Only the official Swiss GAAP FER recommendations issued by the Foundation for Accounting and Reporting Recommendations are binding. Therefore, before taking critical decisions, we recommend consulting the Swiss GAAP FER publication as well as seeking professional advice. PwC does not accept any liability for damages arising in connection with the use of this checklist.

### Contents

1. General disclosures	4
2. Special disclosures	8
3. Income statement (incl. explanations in the notes)	10
4. Balance sheet (incl. explanations in the notes)	14
5. Cash flow statement (incl. explanations in the notes)	25
6. Statement of changes in equity (incl. explanations in the notes)	28

### 1. General disclosures

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
Fulls	stand-alone	or consolidated financial statements				
1	FW/4	Disclosure of whether the core FER are applied or Swiss GAAP FER as a whole.				
2	FW/7	<ul> <li>The stand-alone or consolidated financial statements include as a minimum:</li> <li>Balance sheet</li> <li>Income statement</li> <li>Cash flow statement</li> <li>Statement of changes in equity</li> <li>Notes</li> </ul>				
3	FW/33	<ul> <li>The stand-alone or consolidated financial statements include cross-references to the notes for all relevant items in the financial statements, such as:</li> <li>Balance sheet</li> <li>Income statement</li> <li>Cash flow statement</li> <li>Statement of changes in equity</li> </ul>				
4	FW/31	Unless a recommendation does not allow for, or require different treatment, all quantitative comparative information is contained in the financial statements.				
5	FW/30 6/6	The impact of changes to the accounting policies and of corrections of errors are presented by adjusting the comparative information (restatement).				
		<ul> <li>Changes of accounting policies</li> <li>The notes disclose the following:</li> <li>why the accounting policies have been changed</li> <li>the nature of the change</li> <li>the financial impact of the change</li> </ul>				
		<ul><li>Correction of errors</li><li>In the notes, the effects of the errors are:</li><li>explained and</li><li>quantitatively disclosed.</li></ul>				
		Changes in estimates Changes in accounting estimates are disclosed in the notes.				
Acco	ounting poli	cies				
6	6/2	<ul> <li>The notes disclose the following:</li> <li>accounting policies applied</li> <li>explanations relating to other components of the financial statements</li> <li>further disclosures which have not yet been provided in other parts of the financial statements</li> </ul>				
7	6/6	<ul> <li>The accounting policies comprise the valuation guidelines. The relevant disclosures comprise, at least:</li> <li>the valuation basis</li> <li>the valuation principles for the individual balance sheet items</li> </ul>				

No.	Swiss GAAP	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
	FER					
8	2/6	<ul> <li>The valuation basis for the financial statements and the valuation principles for the financial statement items are disclosed in the notes, especially the valuation principles for:</li> <li>Securities (as part of current assets)</li> <li>Receivables</li> <li>Inventories</li> <li>Tangible fixed assets</li> <li>Financial assets (incl. securities as part of fixed assets)</li> <li>Intangible assets</li> </ul>				
		Liabilities     Provisions				
		Other items which are material to the financial statements				
9	40/43	The method of determining impairments on fixed-income investments is defined in the accounting principles, applied consistently, and disclosed.				
10	40/45	The treatment of impairments of investments is defined in the accounting principles, applied consistently, and disclosed.				
11	40/47	The methods applied and the models used to measure technical provisions are described in the notes. This includes, inter alia, a characterisation of their focus (e.g. on regulatory requirements).				
		Key assumptions used in determining these and the associated uncertainties are disclosed in the notes and explained. This includes in particular the following:				
		<ul> <li>how the entity determines the adequate level of technical provisions</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>the bases for the assumptions (focus on regulatory requirements or on market expectations, relevance of experience gained in the past and of anticipated changes in observed trends)</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>the origin of the assumptions (in-house statistical information, statistical information from the sector, information based on stochastic models or a combination of these)</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>the description of the key assumptions and associated uncertainties (in quantitative form where possible)</li> </ul>				
		Furthermore, the entity has disclosed all additional information that is essential to understanding the method used for measuring the technical provisions, such as the approach and assumptions on allocation and distribution for life insurance contracts with conditional policyholder share of surplus.				
12	40/54	The accounting principles applied to the fund for future share of surplus are disclosed in the notes.				
13	30/38	The valuation method of participations in organisations with a proportion of voting rights of less than 20 percent is disclosed in the notes.				
14	30/41	The treatment of differences in foreign currencies and its effects on the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in the notes.				
15	1/4	If a recommendation grants an option to choose the accounting method, the method applied is disclosed in the notes.				
16	2/3 6/6	Deviations from the valuation basis selected for a balance sheet item are disclosed in the notes.				
	30/37	<b>Note:</b> Deviations are only permitted in objectively justifiable cases.				

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
17	30/34	<ul><li>The details about group organisations disclosed in the notes include:</li><li>details of the scope of consolidation</li><li>consolidation principles</li></ul>				
18	30/35	<ul> <li>The details of the scope of consolidation contain:</li> <li>treatment of the entities in the consolidated financial statements (applied method)</li> <li>name and domicile of the included organisations (subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated organisations)</li> <li>share of capital of these organisations; if the proportion of voting rights differs from the share capital, the proportion of voting rights is also disclosed</li> <li>changes in the scope of consolidation compared to the previous year as well as the date from which this change is considered</li> <li>deviations from the balance sheet date of the group</li> <li>The details of the consolidation principles include:</li> <li>consolidation method, especially capital consolidation</li> <li>method used for the conversion of foreign currencies as well as treatment of the exchange differences</li> <li>the treatment of associated organisations and joint ventures</li> <li>the treatment of inter-company profits</li> </ul>				
19	30/69	The disclosures regarding the consolidated balance sheet include significant balance sheet information for non-consolidated participations if the value of the participation exceeds 20% of the group's equity.				
Rela	ted parties a	Ind entities				
20	15/3	All significant transactions and the resulting receivables from or payables to related parties are disclosed in the financial statements.				
21	15/11	<ul> <li>For this purpose, the following details are disclosed:</li> <li>description of the transaction</li> <li>volume of the transaction (normally an amount or a relative number)</li> <li>other significant conditions.</li> </ul>				
22	15/11	<b>Note:</b> The identity of the related party must be disclosed if this is necessary for an understanding of the transaction. Similar transactions and receivables/payables (also with different related parties) can be summarised in categories, as long as their separate disclosure is not necessary for the understanding of the financial statements. The gross principle however still applies. If transactions and receivables/payables with a single related party are material, they are disclosed separately.				
23	30/40	<ul> <li>The following is disclosed separately in the balance sheet or in the notes:</li> <li>receivables due from and liabilities due to associated organisations</li> <li>non-consolidated investments in entities and receivables due from non-consolidated investments</li> </ul>				
24	30/70	Any recognised goodwill relating to an associated organisation is disclosed separately in the notes.				

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF		
Othe	Other general disclosure requirements							
25	FW/20	Contingent assets and contingent liabilities are disclosed in the notes.						
26	FW/32	Items that cannot be recognised in the balance sheet due to the unreliability of the information must be disclosed in the notes (description of the fact and disclosure of the amount).						
27	5/3	Contingent liabilities and other non-recognised commitments and their valuation principles are disclosed in the notes.						
		The reported amounts are broken down into:						
		<ul> <li>debt guarantees, guarantee obligations and liens in favour of third parties</li> </ul>						
		other quantifiable commitments with a contingent character						
		<ul> <li>other non-recognised commitments</li> </ul>						
		<b>Note:</b> Short-term non-recognisable obligations with a duration of up to one year or obligations which can be cancelled within 12 months, assumed in the normal course of business, are exempted from being disclosed.						
28	5/7	Organisations whose business purpose is to grant credit must disclose credit and loan commitments only if the commitment period exceeds the legal notice period.						
29	6/3	Other non-recognised commitments include at minimum extraordinary pending deals and risks (e.g. legal cases).						
30	6/7	Following is disclosed in the notes:						
		<ul> <li>encumbered assets and type of encumberment</li> </ul>						
		<ul> <li>disclosure of the long-term liabilities, including type and form of the securities provided</li> </ul>						
31	FW/28	The date on which the financial statements were approved by the body responsible for preparing the balance sheet is disclosed in the notes.						
32	FW/28 6/3	<ul> <li>Events are recognised in the financial statements if the trigger of the event was, or the respective conditions were already known at the balance sheet date.</li> </ul>						
		<ul> <li>Developments after the balance sheet date are included in the notes.</li> </ul>						
33	FW/28 6/3	For events which were not recognised in the financial statements because the trigger was only known after the balance sheet date, the following is disclosed in the notes providing it is essential for the user to form an opinion:						
		nature of event						
		estimate of the financial impact						
		<ul> <li>if it is impossible to provide an estimate of the financial impact, the notes refer to this fact</li> </ul>						

### 2. Special disclosures

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
First	t-time adopti	ion				
1	FW/8	An organisation adopting core FER or Swiss GAAP FER as a whole for the first time or converting from core FER to Swiss GAAP FER as a whole is required to present the comparative information in compliance with the new regulations.				
2	31/2	At the time of the conversion to Swiss GAAP FER, the comparative information has to be presented in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER besides the current period in the financial statements.				
3	31/2	<ul> <li>The following reconciliations from the previously used accounting standard to Swiss GAAP FER are presented and explained:</li> <li>equity as per the opening and end date of the prior period</li> <li>profit/loss for the prior period</li> </ul>				
Con	tinuation as	a going concern				
4	FW/9	If there are significant doubts related to the going concern status of an organisation, this fact is disclosed.				
5	FW/9	If there is an intention or necessity to liquidate the organisation, the financial statements must be prepared on the basis of liquidation values. The valuation is disclosed and explained in the notes.				
Busi	iness combi	nations and disposal of consolidated organisations				
6	30/43	For acquisitions and disposals of consolidated organisations, the most important components of the balance sheets of the organisations acquired and disposed of are disclosed in the notes as per acquisition date or disposal date.				
Gov	ernment gra	nts				
	ss GAAP FE	R 28 Government grants must be applied for all financial years is allowed.	s beg	inning	on or	after 1 January 2024.
7		<b>Note:</b> The additional presentation requirements for presenting government grants in the cash flow statement are included in the section <u>"Cash flow statement".</u>				
8	28/4	Government grants related to assets are either offset against the asset or allocated to deferred income.				
		In the year of initial recognition, government grants related to assets are presented separately in the statement of changes in fixed assets or elsewhere in the notes if they are offset (net method).				
9	28/5	Government grants related to income are either recognised in the income statement separately, under "other operating income", or the government grants are deducted from the respective expenses.				

Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
28/8	The accounting policies applied for government grants are explained in the notes.				
	The following details are disclosed:				
	<ul> <li>the nature and extent of the recognised government grants</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>the fair value of non-monetary government grants related to income, where such value can be measured</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>notes on government grants related to assets or related to income whose value cannot be measured</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>information about other forms of government grants which provide a benefit to the organisation, such as guarantees or the interest component of subsidised loans</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>information about conditions that are yet to be fulfilled, other contingencies, and repayment obligations in connection with government grants</li> </ul>				
28/17	When measuring the fair value of non-monetary grants, explanations regarding the basis used to determine the fair values are explained and disclosed in the notes.				
28/20	Where government grants are presented as net amounts in the income statement, the gross amounts are disclosed in the notes.				
28/22	Explanations regarding non-monetary government grants in the form of goods, services or volunteer work are provided in the notes and the value of the received benefits is disclosed.				
28/23	The determination of the value as well as the valuation methodology applied and key assumptions made in regard to non-monetary government grants are disclosed.				
	GAAP         28/8         28/7         28/17         28/20         28/22	GAAP FER28/8The accounting policies applied for government grants are explained in the notes. The following details are disclosed: • the nature and extent of the recognised government grants • the fair value of non-monetary government grants related to income, where such value can be measured • notes on government grants related to assets or related to income whose value cannot be measured • information about other forms of government grants which provide a benefit to the organisation, such as guarantees or the interest component of subsidised loans • information about conditions that are yet to be fulfilled, other contingencies, and repayment obligations in connection with government grants28/17When measuring the fair value of non-monetary grants, explanations regarding the basis used to determine the fair values are explained and disclosed in the notes.28/20Where government grants are presented as net amounts in the income statement, the gross amounts are disclosed in the notes.28/22Explanations regarding non-monetary government grants in the form of goods, services or volunteer work are provided in the notes and the value of the received benefits is disclosed.28/23The determination of the value as well as the valuation methodology applied and key assumptions made in regard to	GAAP FER28/8The accounting policies applied for government grants are explained in the notes. 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## 3. Income statement (incl. explanations in the notes)

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
Gen	eral presen	tation and format				
1	40/28	The income statement is at minimum structured as follows: <ul> <li>gross premiums written</li> <li>outward reinsurance premiums</li> <li>net change in provision (gross)</li> <li>reinsurers' share in the change in unearned premiums</li> <li>net premiums earned</li> <li>insurance claims and benefits paid (gross)</li> <li>change in technical provisions (gross)</li> <li>reinsurers' share in the cost of insurance claims and benefits</li> <li>change in provisions for the account and risk of third parties</li> <li>acquisition and administrative costs for insurance business (gross)</li> <li>reinsurers' share in acquisition and administrative costs for insurance business</li> <li>(gross)</li> <li>reinsurers' share in acquisition and administrative costs for insurance business</li> <li>investment income (FER 40/55 a))</li> <li>gains and losses on investments (FER 40/55 a))</li> <li>cost of managing investments</li> <li>result from investments for the account and risk of third parties</li> <li>other income (FER 40/55 b))</li> <li>result from operating activities</li> <li>non-operating result (FER 40/55 c))</li> <li>extraordinary result (FER 40/55 d))</li> <li>Profit/loss before taxes</li> <li>Income taxes</li> </ul>				
2	30/11	In the income statement, the share of the minority interest in the profit/loss is disclosed separately.				
3	30/13	The result of associated organisations is disclosed separately in the income statement.				
4	3/20	The (sub-) totals are designated appropriately.				

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
5	40/55	<ul> <li>Gross premiums written are disclosed according to the following classes of insurance:</li> <li>non-life insurance business</li> <li>health insurance business</li> <li>life insurance business</li> <li>unit-linked life insurance business</li> <li>other business</li> <li>In the case of life insurance premiums, a distinction is made between periodic premiums and single premiums. The insurance benefits paid are also disclosed on a net basis.</li> <li>"investment income" and "gains and losses on investments" are disclosed in the income statement or in the notes according to investment categories as specified in FER 40/38.</li> <li>"change in technical provisions (gross)" is subdivided as follows either in the income statement or in the notes:</li> <li>provisions for claims</li> <li>life insurance provisions</li> <li>provisions for credited policyholder share of surplus</li> <li>other technical provisions</li> <li>Differences arising from foreign currency translations of nontechnical items are presented in "other income" or "other expense" and disclosed in the notes.</li> <li>With regards to the non-operating result, at least the cost of financing is shown separately in the income statement or in the notes.</li> </ul>				
6	3/9	<ul> <li>The following items are disclosed separately in the income statement or in the notes and are explained in the notes:</li> <li>financial expense and financial income</li> <li>non-operating expense and income</li> <li>extraordinary expense and income</li> </ul>				
7	3/22	<b>Note:</b> The SIX Exchange Regulation (SER) has clarified in its Circular No. 2 that in order to qualify as extraordinary as per Swiss GAAP FER 3/22, expenses and income must arise extremely rarely and must not have been predictable. These requirements need to be assessed on a case-by-case basis in relation to the reporting entity. For the criterion "extremely rare", the period since the last comparable event can be assessed as an indication of fulfilment of the criterion. The criterion "not predictable" refers to the trigger event and not to the time of the booking entry. A low probability of occurrence of the trigger event (e.g. less than 50%) or the fact that an event was not included in the budget does not necessarily mean that the event was "not predictable". Furthermore, a decision taken by the organisation can only qualify as "not predictable" in rare circumstances where a recognisable causality exists between a non-predictable external event and the decision that causes the extraordinary recognition of expenses/income. It is important that the period between the external event and the decision is not unreasonably long in relation to the nature of the event.				
8	6/8	The most important sources of revenue and how they are recognised are explained.				

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
9	30/42	<ul> <li>The details in the notes on the income statement contain the breakdown of the net sales from goods and services according to:</li> <li>geographic markets</li> <li>business areas</li> </ul>				
Segr	nent reportii	ng				
10	40/56 40/62	The segment reporting used to steer the insurance entity by senior management is presented for segment revenues and segment results and is reconciled to the income statement. In each case, a segment report per business area is disclosed.				
		<b>Note:</b> Business areas are (if material): non-life, life, reinsurance, asset management, and other services.				
11	40/57	<ul> <li>The following balance sheet items are broken down at least by business area (non-life, life, reinsurance, asset management, and other services):</li> <li>investments</li> <li>technical provisions</li> </ul>				
Impa	irment					
12	20/20	The amounts of significant impairment losses and partial or full reversals of impairments are disclosed on a one-to-one basis in the income statement or in the notes.				
		Events and circumstances leading to an impairment, or a partial or full reversal of the impairment are explained.				
13	40/43	Impairment losses on fixed-income investments are recognised in the income statement and disclosed.				
14	40/45	Impairment losses on all other investments are recognised in the income statement and disclosed.				
15	3/5	Value adjustments to items in current assets and financial assets are disclosed separately in the notes.				
16	2/24	Assumptions for the calculation of flat rate allowances are disclosed in the notes.				
17	40/44	The amount of impairment charges reversed for fixed income investments is disclosed.				
18	40/46	The amount of impairment charges reversed for all other investments is disclosed.				
Shar	e-based con	npensation				
19	31/3	<ul> <li>Following is disclosed for share-based payments:</li> <li>the general conditions of the contract (e.g. conditions regarding exercise, number of equity instruments granted, way of settlement)</li> <li>the basis of the calculation of the current cost the page page page page to the page</li></ul>				
Disc	ontinued en	the expense recognised in the result of the period				
	ontinued op					
20	31/4	After the announcement, net sales from goods and services and the operating result of discontinued business areas (operations) are disclosed separately in the notes.				
		An explanation is provided as to which geographical markets, business areas or subsidiaries are affected by the decision.				

Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
ings per ow	nership right				
31/5	The diluted and the non-diluted earnings per share is presented below the income statement.				
	The calculation method for the non-diluted earnings per share is disclosed, including the time-weighted average number of outstanding shares.				
	A reconciliation of the non-diluted to the diluted earnings per share is disclosed.				
	Potentially dilutive effects (e.g. future exercise of options, conversion of convertible bonds) are explained.				
me taxes					
11/3	The current tax expense is recognised in the financial statements.				
11/10	Deferred tax expense (income) is recognised in the financial statements.				
31/6	The average tax rate calculated on the basis of the ordinary result is disclosed in the notes.				
	The impact of changes in tax loss carry forwards on income taxes (e.g. origination, utilisation, reassessment, expiry) is quantified and explained.				
	GAAP FER ings per ow 31/5 me taxes 11/3 11/10	GAAP FERImage of the second s	GAAP FERImage of the second s	GAAP FER       Commentation         sings per ownership right       31/5       The diluted and the non-diluted earnings per share is presented below the income statement.         31/5       The diluted and the non-diluted earnings per share is presented below the income statement.         The calculation method for the non-diluted earnings per share is disclosed, including the time-weighted average number of outstanding shares.         A reconciliation of the non-diluted to the diluted earnings per share is disclosed.         Potentially dilutive effects (e.g. future exercise of options, conversion of convertible bonds) are explained.         me taxes         11/3       The current tax expense is recognised in the financial statements.         11/10       Deferred tax expense (income) is recognised in the financial statements.         31/6       The average tax rate calculated on the basis of the ordinary result is disclosed in the notes.         The impact of changes in tax loss carry forwards on income taxes (e.g. origination, utilisation, reassessment, expiry) is	GAAP FER       Control         sings per ownership right       31/5         31/5       The diluted and the non-diluted earnings per share is presented below the income statement. The calculation method for the non-diluted earnings per share is disclosed, including the time-weighted average number of outstanding shares. A reconciliation of the non-diluted to the diluted earnings per share is disclosed. Potentially dilutive effects (e.g. future exercise of options, conversion of convertible bonds) are explained.         me taxes       11/3         11/10       Deferred tax expense is recognised in the financial statements.         31/6       The average tax rate calculated on the basis of the ordinary result is disclosed in the notes. The impact of changes in tax loss carry forwards on income taxes (e.g. origination, utilisation, reassessment, expiry) is

## 4. Balance sheet (incl. explanations in the notes)

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
Gene	eral presenta	tion and format				
1	40/27 40/35	The balance sheet is structured at least as follows: Assets Investments Investments for the account and risk of third parties Intangible assets Tangible fixed assets Reinsurers' share of the technical provisions Receivables Liquid assets Capital of the entity not paid in Prepayments and accrued income				
		<ul> <li>Liabilities and equity</li> <li>Liabilities</li> <li>Technical provisions (gross)</li> <li>Technical provisions for the account and risk of third parties</li> <li>Non-technical (financial) provisions</li> <li>Fund for future policyholder share of surplus</li> <li>Financial liabilities</li> <li>Other liabilities</li> <li>Accrued liabilities and deferred income</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>Shareholders' equity</li> <li>Capital of the entity</li> <li>Capital reserves</li> <li>Own units of the capital of the entity (negative amount)</li> <li>Revaluation reserves</li> <li>Retained earnings (profits) or accumulated losses</li> <li>Note: The provisions on minimum structure included in FER 40/27 take precedence over the respective provisions in FER 3. Further breakdowns are allowed. Customary terms must be used to make the financial statements more informative.</li> </ul>				
2	30/10	Minority interests are disclosed separately in equity.				
3	3/11 3/12 3/13	Note: Industry-specific terms generally used may be presented in the financial statements if they are more meaningful. Further breakdowns are acceptable. The presentation format may be by account or in the vertical report form. It is unimportant whether current assets or non- current assets or whether liabilities or equity is presented first. Only reserves paid in (agio, grants from shareholders etc.) are reported as capital reserves. Retained earnings are composed of retained profit and revaluation reserves.				

No.         Swiss PER         Regulation         Y         NA         NM         REF           4         3/3 40/53         The following items are disclosed separately in the balance sheet or in the notes: Within receivables and liabilities         -						
FER         4       3/3 40/53         The following items are disclosed separately in the balance sheet or in the notes: Within receivables and liabilities         • amounts due from/to agents and intermediaries         • amounts due from/to agents and intermediaries         • amounts due from/to non-consolidated entities and other related parties         Within tangible fixed assets         • undeveloped property         • land and buildings         • machines and equipment         • tangible fixed assets         • wideveloped property         • land and buildings         • machines and equipment         • tangible fixed assets         Within financial assets/investments         • securities (subdivision in accordance with paragraph 6 below)         • deferred tax assets         • investments         • amounts due from related parties         • investments for the account and risk of third parties:         • for investments for the accordance with FER 40/38 (see below)         Within intangible assets         • acquired intangible assets         • intangible assets generated intermally (especially, capitalised development expenses)         • Acquisition costs capitalised in accordance with FER 40/19         • If material, additional items (e.g. software) must be listed         Withi	No.	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
<ul> <li>3/3 40/53</li> <li>The following items are disclosed separately in the balance sheet or in the notes: Within receivables and liabilities</li> <li>amounts due from/to policyholders</li> <li>amounts due from/to policyholders</li> <li>amounts due from/to insurance entities</li> <li>amounts due from/to non-consolidated entities and other related parties</li> <li>Within tangible fixed assets</li> <li>undeveloped property</li> <li>land and buildings</li> <li>machines and equipment</li> <li>tangible fixed assets</li> <li>undeveloped property</li> <li>land and buildings</li> <li>machines and equipment</li> <li>tangible fixed assets</li> <li>Within financial assets/investments</li> <li>securities (subdivision in accordance with paragraph 6 below)</li> <li>deferred tax assets</li> <li>other financial assets/investments</li> <li>securities (subdivision in accordance with paragraph 6 below)</li> <li>deferred tax assets</li> <li>investments</li> <li>amounts due from related parties</li> <li>other financial assets/investments</li> <li>securities (subdivision to paragraph FER 40/38 (see below)</li> <li>Within intangible assets</li> <li>intangible assets generated internally (especially, capitalised development expenses)</li> <li>caption costs capitalised in accordance with FER 40/19</li> <li>if material, additional items (e.g. software) must be listed</li> <li>Within provisions</li> <li>restructuring provisions</li> <li>other prov</li></ul>						
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<ul> <li>technical provisions</li> <li>Within other liabilities:</li> <li>due to creditors arising out of insurance operations</li> </ul>						
<ul><li>Within other liabilities:</li><li>due to creditors arising out of insurance operations</li></ul>						
<ul> <li>due to creditors arising out of insurance operations</li> </ul>						
Within equity		<ul> <li>due to creditors arising out of insurance operations</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>amounts of each category of capital of the entity</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>amounts of each category of capital of the entity</li> </ul>				
Other significant items are separately disclosed.		Other significant items are separately disclosed.				

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
Inve	stments					
5	40/38	The composition of investments is disclosed and includes at least the following asset categories: <ul> <li>investment properties</li> </ul>				
		investment properties     investments				
		fixed-income securities				
		• loans				
		mortgages				
		shares				
		fund units				
		derivatives				
		other investments				
		<b>Note:</b> Other investments must be explained. They must be broken down if significant. Other investments include, in particular, alternative investments such as hedge funds, private equity and commodities including gold.				
6	40/40	The measurement bases and methods used as well as the underlying assumptions for measuring investments are explained in the notes.				
		The current measures determined with valuation models are explained.				
		Investments measured at cost less any impairments are disclosed in the notes for each investment category.				
7	40/41	For fixed-income investments measured according to the amortised cost method, fair values must be disclosed in the notes.				
		Accumulated interest is disclosed separately.				
8	40/42	The revaluation reserve is disclosed net for each asset category.				
		Changes in the value of investments recognised outside the income statement as well as the revaluation reserves reversed in connection with disposals are disclosed separately for each investment category.				
		The principles applied for deducting or not deducting policyholders' shares in the revaluation reserve for the creation of a future policyholders' share of the surplus are explained in the notes.				
9	40/43	The method applies for determining impairments on fixed- income investments is defined in the accounting principles, applied consistently and disclosed.				
Inve	ntories					
10	17/6	Following is disclosed in the balance sheet or the notes with regard to inventories:				
		a breakdown of the carrying amount into further categories     that are material to the business activities				
		<ul> <li>valuation principles and methods applied</li> </ul>				

No.	Swiss GAAP	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
	FER					
11	17/28	The classification in the balance sheet or in the notes reflects the most important inventory positions for the business activities of the organisation, such as:				
		raw material				
		<ul><li>supplies</li><li>semi-finished goods</li></ul>				
		work (orders) in progress				
		<ul> <li>finished goods</li> </ul>				
		sales goods				
		<b>Note:</b> The terms used reflect the practice of the industry sector.				
12	17/2 17/29	Prepayments to suppliers are either allocated to the different categories of inventories or disclosed as one amount. Alternatively, they may be disclosed separately in current assets.				
13	17/18	It is disclosed in the notes whether settlement discounts (in the sense of a deduction for quick payment) are presented as a reduction of the purchase price or as financial income.				
14	17/8	If the carrying amount of supplies only indirectly consumed in the production process of inventories is significant, they are disclosed separately in the balance sheet or in the notes.				
15	17/11	The amount of any prepayment from customers netted with inventories is disclosed in the balance sheet (using a separate column for the respective position) or in the notes.				
Tang	gible fixed as	ssets				
16	3/5	If the indirect method is applied, the accumulated depreciation of positions of tangible fixed assets is reported separately, either under the corresponding assets or in the notes.				
17	2/22 2/31 18/20	The depreciation methods applied, and the ranges used for the expected useful lives for each category are disclosed in the notes.				
	10/20	In case of wide ranges, the useful lives are explained in the notes for each category of tangible fixed assets.				
		It is disclosed in the notes, if a previously applied depreciation method has been replaced with another.				
		The impact of the change in the depreciation method on the results of the period is quantified for each category.				
18	18/2	At least the following categories of tangible fixed assets are recognised in the balance sheet or in the notes:				
		undeveloped property				
		Iand and buildings				
		<ul><li>machines and equipment</li><li>tangible fixed assets under construction</li></ul>				
		<ul> <li>other tangible fixed assets</li> </ul>				
		Machines and equipment as well as other tangible fixed assets are broken down further if the additional asset categories are significant.				
		Significant prepayments on tangible fixed assets under construction should be disclosed separately.				
19	18/15	The statement of changes in tangible fixed assets is presented in the notes.				
		It is presented as a table.				

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
20	18/16	In case of valuation at acquisition or production cost, the statement of changes in tangible fixed assets includes at least the following information for each category:				
		<ul> <li>Acquisition cost <ul> <li>gross values at the beginning of the period</li> <li>additions of tangible fixed assets</li> <li>disposals of tangible fixed assets</li> <li>reclassifications</li> <li>gross values at the end of the period</li> </ul> </li> <li>Accumulated depreciation <ul> <li>accumulated depreciation at the beginning of the period</li> <li>systematic depreciation</li> <li>impairments</li> <li>disposals</li> <li>reclassifications</li> </ul> </li> <li>Accumulated depreciation at the beginning of the period</li> <li>systematic depreciation</li> <li>impairments</li> <li>disposals</li> <li>reclassifications</li> <li>accumulated depreciation at the end of the period</li> </ul> <li>Met carrying amounts at the beginning and the end of the end of the period</li>				
21	30/32	period For accumulated cost and accumulated depreciation/amortisation related to assets valued at acquisition or production cost, the following must also be disclosed separately in the statement of changes in tangible fixed assets:				
		<ul><li>changes in the scope of consolidation</li><li>effects from changes in foreign currencies</li></ul>				
22	18/21	<ul><li>The following is also disclosed in the notes:</li><li>the total capitalised borrowing cost of a period</li><li>the basis and policies applied for capitalisation</li></ul>				
23	18/17	Tangible fixed assets held exclusively for investment purposes (and not for use) are disclosed separately in the notes. <b>Note:</b> Tangible fixed assets held exclusively for investment purposes can also be classified as financial assets but must also be disclosed separately.				
24	18/18	<ul> <li>If actual values are used as the basis for valuation, the statement of changes in tangible fixed assets includes the following information for each asset category:</li> <li>value increase and value decrease of the period</li> <li>difference between actual values as at the balance sheet date and original production or acquisition cost</li> </ul>				
25	18/19	If actual values are used as the basis for valuation, the valuation basis and principles applied are disclosed for each category in the notes.				
Leas	es					
26	13/4	The carrying amount of the assets under finance leases and the total amount of the related liabilities are disclosed in the balance sheet or in the notes.				

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
27	18/22	Tangible fixed assets under a finance lease are classified as tangible fixed assets in the balance sheet of the lessee.				
28	13/5 13/11	<ul> <li>Operating lease commitments which cannot be cancelled within a year are disclosed in the notes.</li> <li>The minimum disclosures include:</li> <li>the total amount of future lease payments</li> <li>the maturity pattern of future lease payments</li> </ul>				
Intar	ngible assets					
29	10/2	If they are significant, intangible assets are broken down into the following categories in the balance sheet or in the notes: • licences/franchises • patents and technical know-how • trademarks and publishing rights • software • development costs • other intangible assets If additional material categories exist, other intangible assets are broken down further.				
30	2/37 10/9	The following details about intangible assets are disclosed in the notes: • the method of amortisation • the estimated useful life				
31	10/10	Subsequent changes in the determined useful life are disclosed in the notes and the respective impact on the balance sheet and the income statement is quantified.				
32	10/12	The details about the statement of changes in intangible assets is disclosed as a table in the notes to the financial statements.				
33	10/13	The statement of changes in intangible assets contains the following details for each category: Acquisition cost • gross values at the beginning of the period • additions • disposals • reclassifications • gross values at the end of the period Accumulated amortisation • accumulated amortisation at the beginning of the period • systematic amortisation • impairments • disposals • reclassifications • accumulated amortisation at the end of the period Met carrying amount • net carrying amount at the beginning and at the end of the period				
34	30/32	<ul> <li>When assets are valued at acquisition or production cost, the following details must be disclosed for accumulated cost and accumulated depreciation/amortisation separately in the statement of changes of intangible assets:</li> <li>changes in the scope of consolidation</li> <li>impact of foreign currency variations</li> </ul>				

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
Goo	dwill					
35	30/14	Goodwill is presented separately in the balance sheet or in the notes.				
36	30/16 30/36	If acquired goodwill is offset against equity at the date of the acquisition, all impacts of a theoretical capitalisation and amortisation as well as any impairments (historical cost, theoretical carrying amount, useful life, amortisation) on the balance sheet and the income statement are disclosed in the notes throughout the estimated useful life for the current year as well as the comparative information.				
Non	technical pr	rovisions				
37	23/10	<ul> <li>The following details are disclosed in the balance sheet or the notes:</li> <li>provisions for taxes</li> <li>provisions for benefit obligations</li> <li>provisions for restructuring</li> <li>other provisions</li> <li>Other provisions are further broken down if additional material categories exist.</li> </ul>				
38	23/11	<ul> <li>The statement of changes in provisions contains at least the following details:</li> <li>carrying amount at the beginning of the period</li> <li>creation of provisions</li> <li>utilisation of provisions recognised in the income statement</li> <li>carrying amount at the end of the period</li> <li>The notes also include an explanation for significant provisions disclosing the nature of the liability as well as degree of its uncertainty.</li> <li>If a provision is discounted, the discount rate used is disclosed.</li> </ul>				
39	30/33	<ul> <li>In the statement of changes in provisions, the following items are presented separately:</li> <li>changes in foreign currencies</li> <li>changes in the scope of consolidation</li> </ul>				
40	23/12	The amount of short-term provisions is disclosed for each category of provisions in the notes to the financial statements.				
41	23/13	If provisions stipulated by specific legal requirements do not have the economic character as foreseen by Swiss GAAP FER 23, an explanation is included in the notes.				
Tech	nical provis	sions				
42	40/48	Life insurers: Details on biometric risks, lapse risk and any interest guarantee risk are disclosed. Non-life insurers: Details on actuarial methods used to determine the technical provisions are disclosed.				
43	40/49	The approach for measuring equalisation and guarantee provisions is disclosed and explained. And it is explained how random fluctuations and parameter risk are taken into account. The amount by which equalisation and guarantee provisions have changed is disclosed and explained.				
44	40/50	Underlying assumptions and parameters used for discounting technical provisions are explained and disclosed.				

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
45	40/58	In consolidated financial statements, the weighted average rate used for discounting technical provisions is disclosed for each material currency.				
46	40/51	<ul> <li>Statements of changes in provisions are presented for the following items, if those changes are not already evident from other components of the financial statements:</li> <li>provisions for insurance claims incurred</li> <li>the actuarial reserve</li> <li>provisions for credited policyholders' share of surplus</li> </ul>				
47	40/52	<ul> <li>provisions for future policyholders' share of surplus</li> <li>Methods and assumptions applied in determining capitalised acquisition costs, depreciating capitalised costs and testing them for impairment, are disclosed.</li> </ul>				
48	40/53	<ul> <li>For the technical provisions, the following items are disclosed in the notes, including gross amount, share of reinsurers, and the amount for own account:</li> <li>provisions for unearned premiums</li> <li>provisions for claims</li> <li>life insurance provisions</li> <li>provisions for credited policyholders' share of surplus</li> <li>provisions for future policyholders' share of surplus</li> <li>other technical provisions</li> </ul>				
Prov	isions for in	surance benefits in the non-life insurance business				
49	40/59	Details about provisions for insurance benefits include information on payments for claims. A monitoring period of 10 years is chosen for this purpose or the length of time during which the business in question is conducted, providing this is less than 10 years.				
		The information is at least disclosed on level of each segment.				
50	40/61	(Quantitative) details about the settlement performance of provisions for insurance benefits are disclosed in the notes.				
Fund	d for future p	oolicyholders' share of surplus				
51	40/54	<ul> <li>Changes in the fund for future share of surplus are disclosed in the notes. This disclosure includes at least the following information:</li> <li>carrying amount at the beginning of the reporting period</li> <li>creation</li> <li>use</li> <li>carrying amount at the end of the reporting period.</li> </ul>				
Deriv	vative financ	ial instruments				
52	40/39	If derivative financial instruments are used, details about the purpose and hedging strategy are provided in the notes. Significant derivative items are explained. The amounts of derivatives held for hedging purposes and derivatives not held for hedging purposes are disclosed				
		separately.				

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF		
53	27/8	<ul> <li>The amount of open derivatives is disclosed in the notes. The disclosure is structured according to the underlying basic values as follows:</li> <li>interest rates</li> <li>currencies</li> <li>equity instruments and corresponding indices</li> <li>other basic values</li> <li>For each individual category, the totals recognised as assets and liabilities as well as the purpose of holding the derivatives are disclosed.</li> </ul>						
54	27/20	Derivatives which are exceptionally not recognised at actual values are disclosed separately. An explanation why the actual value cannot be determined is provided in the notes.						
55	27/21	The total of the actual values from derivatives disclosed in the notes is reconciled to the carrying amounts of the corresponding assets and liabilities as per the balance sheet by noting the impact of the netting.						
56	27/14	<b>Note:</b> Assets and liabilities from derivatives are generally presented gross. Offsetting is only appropriate for the same counterparty and as part of legally enforceable netting agreements or legal netting rules.						
57	27/18	If cash flow hedges that are not yet recognised exist, hedging is either recognised in equity without affecting income or disclosed in the notes.						
		Derivatives used to hedge future cash flows that are not yet recognised as well as any changes in their value are either recognised directly in equity or disclosed in the notes.						
Fina	ncial liabiliti	es						
58	24/24	Loans from shareholders including an obligation of repayment are presented as liabilities, even if they were granted by the shareholder on an interest-free basis and without fixed maturity.						
59	31/7	The following is disclosed in the notes for financial liabilities, either separately or for groups of similar instruments:						
		<ul> <li>valuation principles as well as the conditions (e.g. interest rate, duration, currency)</li> </ul>						
		<ul> <li>the recognition method regarding financial liabilities, comprising elements of both equity and liability</li> </ul>						
Pens	Pension benefit obligations							
60	16/14	<b>Note:</b> The disclosure requirements of Swiss GAAP FER 16 take precedence over those of Swiss GAAP FER 23 for "Provisions for benefit obligations".						
61	16/3	Economic benefits are recognised as long-term financial assets under the term "assets from pension institutions".						
		Economic obligations are recognised as long-term liabilities.						

No.	Swiss GAAP	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
	FER					
62	16/5	In the notes, separately for each of the following categories:				
		a) patronage funds/patronage pension institutions				
		b) pension institutions without surplus/deficit				
		c) pension institutions with surplus				
		d) pension institutions with deficit				
		e) pension plans without own assets				
		the details below are disclosed as a table:				
		amount of the surplus or deficit at the balance sheet date				
		<ul> <li>economic benefit or economic obligations at the current and at the comparative balance sheet date</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>change in the economic benefit and economic obligations as the difference between the two disclosed balance sheet dates</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>the contributions relating to the period (including the result from the employer contribution reserve) indicating extraordinary contributions in case of temporary measures taken to resolve coverage deficits</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>the pension benefit expense and key parameters – as part of personnel expense – for the current and the comparative year</li> </ul>				
63	16/7	If there are indications that significant developments (e.g. fluctuations in values, partial liquidations, etc.) have taken place since the last annual closing of the pension institution, their impact is considered and disclosed in the notes.				
64	16/8	If a pension institution does not bear the risk (e.g. in cases of full coverage as part of a group life insurance contract), this is disclosed in the notes.				
65	16/8	If, in connection with the affiliation to a collective plan, the information to be disclosed cannot be determined on the basis of the individual contract, this is disclosed in the notes together with the level of coverage of the collective plan taken as a whole.				
66	16/4	Employer contribution reserves are recognised as long-term financial assets under the term "assets from employer contribution reserves".				
67	16/4	With regard to employer contribution reserves, where necessary, but specifically for				
		a) patronage funds/patronage pension institutions; and				
		b) pension institutions				
		the following is disclosed in a table in the notes:				
		<ul> <li>nominal value of the employer contribution reserve at the balance sheet date</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>amount of any waiver of use at the balance sheet date</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>accumulation of the employer contribution reserve</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>amount of the asset at the current and the comparative balance sheet date</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>The result included in personnel expense from the employer contribution reserve and the key parameters for the current and the comparative year</li> </ul>				
		If the result from the employer contribution reserve comprises interest income or expense, these can be presented separately in the financial result.				

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF				
Incor	Income taxes									
68	11/4	Liabilities from current income taxes are classified as accrued liabilities or other short-term liabilities.								
69	11/9	Deferred tax liabilities are classified as tax provisions.								
		Deferred tax assets are classified as financial assets.								
70	11/11	The entitlement for deferred income taxes on tax losses carried forward and not yet used is disclosed in the notes.								
71	11/17	If deferred taxes are recognised on temporary differences from revaluations, those are recognised as deferred tax provisions directly in equity without affecting the result of the period and they are disclosed separately in the notes.								
72	30/39	The tax rate applied for the calculation of deferred income taxes is disclosed in the notes.								
		<b>Note:</b> When applying the actually expected tax rates per tax subject, a group average tax rate can be disclosed.								

# 5. Cash flow statement (incl. explanations in the notes)

No.	Swiss	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
	GAAP					
	FER					
1	4/1	Changes in an organisation's cash as a result of inflows and outflows during the reporting period from:				
		operating activities				
		<ul> <li>investing activities and</li> </ul>				
		financing activities				
		are disclosed in the cash flow statement.				
2	4/9	Cash flow from operating activities determined applying the direct method is at least classified as follows:				
		<ul> <li>inflows from clients for the sale of products, goods, and services</li> </ul>				
		- outflows to providers				
		- outflows to staff				
		+ other inflows				
		- other outflows				
		<ul> <li>cash inflow/cash outflow from operating activities (operating cash flow)</li> </ul>				
3	4/2	If the direct method is applied, a reconciliation of the result for the period (or, possibly, the operating result) with the cash flow from operating activities is presented in the notes.				
4	4/10	Cash flow from operating activities determined applying the indirect method is at least classified as follows:				
		+/- Profit/loss				
		<ul> <li>+/- depreciation/write-up (revaluations resulting in profit) of tangible fixed assets</li> </ul>				
		+/- loss from impairment/ (partial or full) reversal of impairment				
		<ul> <li>+/- increase/decrease of provisions (including deferred income taxes) that do not affect the fund</li> </ul>				
		+/- other expense/income that does not affect the fund				
		+/- loss/profit from the disposal of tangible fixed assets				
		+/- decrease/increase of receivables from goods and services				
		+/- decrease/increase of inventories				
		<ul> <li>+/- decrease/increase of other receivables and prepayments and accrued income</li> </ul>				
		+/- increase/decrease of payables from goods and services				
		<ul> <li>+/- increase/decrease of other short-term liabilities and accrued liabilities and deferred income</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>cash inflow/cash outflow from operating activities (operating cash flow)</li> </ul>				
5	30/31	If the indirect method is applied, the following additional item is disclosed in the cash flow statement:				
		+/- share of loss (profits) from the application of the equity method				

No.	Swiss GAAP	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
	FER					
6	40/29	If the cash flow from business/operating activities is calculated applying the indirect method, at a minimum the following items are disclosed separately:				
		<ul> <li>realised as well as unrealised gains and losses on investments and impairment charges recognised in the income statement</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>purchase/sale of investments (per investment category)</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>The net change from increases and decreases of the following items:</li> </ul>				
		- technical provisions				
		<ul> <li>technical provisions for account and risk of third parties</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>accounts receivable from insurance operations</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>accounts payable from insurance operations</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>non-technical (financial) provisions</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>prepayments and accrued income</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>accrued liabilities and deferred income</li> </ul>				
7	28/7	Government grants related to income are part of the cash flow from operating activities and must be presented separately in the cash flow statement or in the notes.				
8	4/11	Investing activities are at least classified as follows:				
Ū	40/30	<ul> <li>outflows for investment in (purchase of) tangible fixed assets</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>inflows from the disposal (sale) of tangible fixed assets</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>outflows for investment in (purchase of) financial assets (incl. loans, participations, securities, etc.)</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>+ inflows from the disposal (sale) of financial assets (incl. loans, participations, securities, etc.)</li> </ul>				
		- outflows for investment in (purchase of) intangible assets				
		+ inflows from disposal (sale) of intangible assets				
		<ul> <li>cash outflow/inflow from investing activities</li> </ul>				
9	30/29	In the cash flow statement, the following additional items are presented within investing activities:				
	40/30	<ul> <li>payments for the acquisition of consolidated organisations (less cash acquired)</li> </ul>				
		+ receipts from the disposal of consolidated organisations (less cash provided)				
10	28/7	Government grants related to assets and any related repayments are presented as gross amounts in the cash flow from investing activities.				
11	4/12	The minimum disclosure requirements of financing activities include the following:				
		+ inflows from capital increases (including agio)				
		- outflows for capital reductions with release of resources				
		- distribution of profits to holders of units of the capital				
		+/- disposal/purchase of own shares/own units of the capital of the organisation				
		+ inflows from bond issuances				
		- outflows for bond repayments				
		+/- issuance/repayment of short-term financial liabilities				
		+/- issuance/repayment of long-term financial liabilities				
		<ul> <li>cash outflows/inflows from financing activities</li> </ul>				
12	40/31	Paid financing costs are presented separately.				
	,					

No.	Swiss GAAP FER	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
13	30/30	In the cash flow statement, the following additional items are presented within financing activities:				
		<ul> <li>dividend payments to minority shareholders (of subsidiaries)</li> </ul>				
		+/- payments or repayments of capital of minority shareholders (of subsidiaries)				
14	4/6	Non-liquidity-related investing and financing activities are explained in the notes to the financial statements.				
15	4/3	The composition of the fund is presented.				
	40/32	<b>Note:</b> Insurance companies must define 'cash and cash equivalents' as funds.				

# 6. Statement of changes in equity (incl. explanations in the notes)

No.	Swiss GAAP	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
	FER					
1	3/4 24/8 24/26	The statement of changes in equity is presented as a separate component of the financial statements. It is presented as a table and organised by components of equity and by changes in equity.				
		It presents the following for each significant category of equity for the current and the prior reporting period:				
		the opening balance				
		the closing balance				
		<ul> <li>a reconciliation of the opening with the closing balances</li> </ul>				
		<b>Note:</b> Each movement which is relevant for the assessment of the financial statements is presented separately.				
2	24/2	The following components of equity are presented separately:				
	24/27	<ul> <li>Capital of the organisation</li> </ul>				
	40/33	<ul> <li>Capital of the organisation not paid in (negative amount)</li> </ul>				
	40/60	Capital reserves				
		Own shares (negative amount)				
		Retained profits (part of retained earnings)				
		Revaluation reserves (part of retained earnings)				
		<ul> <li>Currency translation differences recognised in equity without any impact on the income statement</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>Any other significant components</li> </ul>				
		Total equity				
3	40/34	Allocations to the fund for future policyholders' share of surplus are disclosed separately in the statement of changes in equity.				
4	30/18	If acquired goodwill was offset directly with equity, it is presented separately in the statement of changes in equity.				
5	24/28	The following changes in equity are presented separately for each component of equity as per paragraph 24/27:				
		<ul> <li>Capital increases and decreases</li> </ul>				
		Equity transaction costs				
		<ul> <li>Acquisition of own shares</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>Disposal of own shares</li> </ul>				
		Net profit/loss				
		Profit distributions/dividends				
		<ul> <li>Changes in revaluation reserves</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>Effects of changes in accounting policies</li> </ul>				
		Effects of errors				
		<ul> <li>Any other significant items of profit or loss, insofar as another recommendation allows or requires their recognition in equity</li> </ul>				

No.	Swiss GAAP	Regulation	Y	NA	NM	REF
	FER					
6	24/9	The following details about the shares of the organisation are disclosed in the notes:				
		<ul> <li>the number and nature of own shares at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>the number, nature, average transaction price and average net selling price (if different from the transaction price) of own shares acquired and disposed of during the reporting period, whereby own shares issued in connection with share-based compensation are disclosed separately</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>any contingent liabilities in connection with own shares disposed of or acquired (e.g. obligations to repurchase or resell own shares)</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>the number and nature of equity instruments of the organisation that are held by subsidiaries, joint ventures, associated organisations, pension funds and foundations related to the organisation</li> </ul>				
		• the number, nature and conditions of own shares, and equity instruments of the organisation held by related parties at the beginning and the end of the reporting period which are reserved for a specific purpose (e.g. for employee stock compensation plans or convertible and option bonds).				
		The same details are disclosed separately of any derivatives on own shares.				
7	24/29	If the number of shares held by subsidiaries, joint ventures, associated organisations, pension funds and other foundations related to the organisation is not known, this fact is disclosed.				
8	24/30	It is disclosed if there is an obligation to repurchase own shares after their disposal if this transaction leads to the derecognition of own shares from the balance sheet.				
		Sale and repurchase obligations that have the nature of debt financing combined with the pledge of own shares are still recorded as negative amounts in equity, and the limited availability of these shares is disclosed.				
9	24/4 24/10	The following details about transactions with shareholders in their capacity as shareholders are disclosed in the notes:				
		<ul> <li>description and amount of transactions with shareholders not settled in cash or offset against other transactions</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>reasons for applying a different valuation basis and details of the basis used for transactions with shareholders that could not be recognised at net selling price</li> </ul>				
		<ul> <li>description of transactions with shareholders not conducted at arm's length, including the difference between the net selling price and the contractual price of the transaction recognised in capital reserves</li> </ul>				
10	24/11	Following details about the components of equity are disclosed in the notes:				
		Details about the individual components of the organisation's capital:				
		- Number and nature of shares issued and paid in				
		- Nominal values				
		- Rights and restrictions attached to the shares				
		Amount of any conditional and any authorised capital				
		Amount of statutory or legal reserves that may not be distributed				

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